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From the INTERNATIONAL BUREAU

PCT

NOTIFICATION CONCERNING TRANSMITTAL OF COPY OF INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY (CHAPTER I OF THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY)

(PCT Rule 44bis.1(c))

To:

ROSENBERG, Frank Frank Rosenberg Po Box 29230 San Francisco, CA 94129-0230 ETATS-UNIS D'AMERIQUE

Date of mailing (day/month/year) 07 October 2010 (07.10.2010)				
Applicant's or agent's file reference 15251PCT		IMPORTANT NOTICE		
International application No. PCT/US2009/038472	International filing date (day/month/year) 26 March 2009 (26.03.2009)		Priority date (day/month/year) 26 March 2008 (26.03.2008)	
Applicant	BATTELLE MEMOR	IAL INSTITUTE et al		

The International Bureau transmits herewith a copy of the international preliminary report on patentability (Chapter 1 of the Patent Cooperation Treaty)

The International Bureau of WIPO 34, chemin des Colombettes 1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland

Authorized officer

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PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

PCT

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

(Chapter I of the Patent Cooperation Treaty)

(PCT Rule 44bis)

Applicant's or agent's file reference 15251PCT	FOR FURTHER ACTION	See item 4 below	
International application No. PCT/US2009/038472			
International Patent Classification (8th edition unless older edition indicated) See relevant information in Form PCT/ISA/237			
Applicant BATTELLE MEMORIAL INSTITUTE			

1.	This international preliminary report on patentability (Chapter 1) is issued by the International Bureau on behalf of the International Searching Authority under Rule 44 bis 1(a).			
2.				
	In the attached sheets, any reference to the written opinion of the International Searching Authority should be read as a reference to the international preliminary report on patentability (Chapter I) instead.			
3.	3. This report contains indications relating to the following items:			
	\boxtimes	Box No. I	Basis of the report	
		Box No. II	Priority	
		Box No. III	Non-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability	
		Box No. IV	Lack of unity of invention	
	X	Box No. V	Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement	
		Box No. VI	Certain documents cited	
		Box No. VII	Certain defects in the international application	
	\boxtimes	Box No. VIII	Certain observations on the international application	
4.	but not, e		ommunicate this report to designated Offices in accordance with Rules 44his.3(c) and 93his 1 ant makes an express request under Article 23(2), before the expiration of 30 months from	

	Date of issuance of this report 28 September 2010 (28.09.2010)
The International Bureau of WIPO 34, chemin des Colombettes 1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland	Authorized officer Simin Baharlou
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PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

From the INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY

To:			PCT				
see form PCT/ISA/220			INTERN	WRITTEN OPINION OF THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY			
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2.	FURTHER ACTI			• • •			
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WRITTEN OPINION OF THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY

International application No. PCT/US2009/038472

Box No. Basis of the opinion				
1. With regard to the language, this opinion has been established on the basis of:				
a translation of the international application into_, which is the language of a translation furnished for the purposes of international search (Rules 12.3(a) and 23.1 (b)).				
2. This opinion has been established taking into account the rectification of an obvious mistake authorized by or notified to this Authority under Rule 91 (Rule 43bis.1(a))				
3. With regard to any nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the international application and necessary to the claimed invention, this opinion has been established on the basis of:				
a. type of material:				
☐ a sequence listing				
☐ table(s) related to the sequence listing				
b. format of material:				
☐ on paper				
☐ in electronic form				
c. time of filling/furnishing:				
□ contained in the international application as filed.				
filed together with the international application in electronic form.				
☐ furnished subsequently to this Authority for the purposes of search.				
4. In addition, in the case that more than one version or copy of a sequence listing and/or table relating thereto has been filed or furnished, the required statements that the information in the subsequent or additional copies is identical to that in the application as filed or does not go beyond the application as filed, as appropriate, were furnished.				
5. Additional comments:				

WRITTEN OPINION OF THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY

International application No. PCT/US2009/038472

Box No. V Reasoned statement under Rule 43bis.1(a)(i) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

1. Statement

Novelty (N)

Yes: Claims

4-14,19

No: Claims

1-3,15-18,20

Inventive step (IS)

Yes: Claims

4-14

No: Claims

1-3, 15-20

Industrial applicability (IA)

Yes: Claims

1-20

No: Claims

2. Citations and explanations

see separate sheet

Box No. VIII Certain observations on the international application

The following observations on the clarity of the claims, description, and drawings or on the question whether the claims are fully supported by the description, are made:

see separate sheet

Re Item V.

Reference is made to the following document:

- D1 WO01/82896 A1 (BIOLIFE [US], 8 November 2001)
- D2 GB553004 (HERZMARK N, 4 May 1943)
- D3 US2005/0022810 (MOORE B K ET AL. [US], 3 February 2005), cited by the appl.
- D4 Delaude L et al., A Novel Oxidizing Reagent Based on Potassium Ferrate(VI), Journal of Organic Chemistry, 61, 1996, 6360-6370.
- D5 US6267896 B1 (PATTERSON ET AL., 31 July 2001)
- Claims 1-3 and 13-19 contain subject-matter considered to be a method for treatment of the human or animal body by therapy, covered by the provisions of Rule 39.1 (iv). Therapy implies the curing of a malfunctioning of the body. From the wording of the claims ("supplying oxygen to a human or nonhuman animal" (claim 1), "emergency oxygen" (claim 2), " supplying oxygen comprising providing apparatus comprising (...) respiratory apparatus, a face mask or oral insert or nasal insert" (claim 13)) it derives that the subject-matter of the claims is directed towards methods of supplying oxygen in therapeutical treatments.
 Subject-matter covered by the provisions of Rule 39.1 (iv) is not to be searched according to Article 17 (2)(a)(i).
 Claims 1-3 and 13-19 where therefore searched and examined as if directed towards a method of generating oxygen.
- 2. The subject-matter of claims 1-3 and 20 is unclear as explicitly discussed under item VIII. Due to the clarity problems and the objections raised under point 1., claims 1-3 were currently understood to contain the following technical features: A method of generating oxygen comprising generating oxygen by combining ferrate (VI) with water in the presence of an acid.
 Claim 20 was understood to contain the following technical features: A ferrate (VI)-containing composition comprising a ferrate (VI)-containing solid and a solid acid.

The present application does not meet the criteria of Article 33(1) PCT, because

the subject-matter of claims 1-3, 13, 15-18 and 20 is not new in the sense of Article 33(2) PCT.

2.1 Document D1 discloses:

A method comprising generating oxygen (page 10, line 14; page 12, line 13) by combining ferrate(VI) with water (page 10, line 14; page 12, line 13) in the presence of an acid (page 18, line 28) and thereby generating a stream of gaseous oxygen (page 10, line 14; page 12, line 13).

Further disclosed are a method comprising combining ferrate and the acid form of low cross-linked ion exchange resin particles (page 15, lines 26-29) in an aqueous media (page 16, line 4 and lines 11-14), thereby generating oxygen. The mixture is spread on a wound (page 16, line 5-6).

Further disclosed is a composition comprising a ferrate(VI) and a solid acid (claim 12), specified solid acids are acidic inorganic salts (e.g. NaHSO4) or organic acids (e.g. citric acid, carboxylic acids) (page 18, lines 4-6).

Therefore the subject-matter of claims 1-3, 15-18 and 20 is not novel.

2.2 The subject-matter of claim 1 is also not novel over D2, which discloses a method of supplying oxygen comprising generating oxygen by combining a mixture comprising ferrate with carbon dioxide as a weak acid and moisture (page 3, lines 57 to 107).

2.3 Document D3 discloses:

A method of supplying oxygen (paragraph [0011]) comprising providing apparatus (fig. 4, reference 100) comprising a mixing compartment (fig. 4, reference 112) and respiratory apparatus/face mask (fig. 4, references 150 and 168), and the method further comprising generating oxygen in the mixing compartment [paragraph [0050]) and passing it through the mask (paragraph [0050]).

Therefore the subject-matter of claim 13 is not novel.

 Dependent claim 19 does not contain any features which, in combination with the features of any claim to which it refers, meet the requirements of the PCT in respect of inventive step. 4. Document D3 is regarded as being the closest prior art to the subject-matter of claim 4 and discloses:

An oxygen dispenser (fig. 4, reference 100) comprising a first compartment (fig. 2, reference 112) comprising a first reaction material (fig. 4, reference 114) and a second compartment (fig. 4, reference 116) comprising a second reaction material (fig. 4, reference 118) and a respiratory apparatus (fig. 4, reference 168). Oxygen is generated when first and second material are mixed (claim 1). The respiratory apparatus comprises a mask to be worn on the face (fig. 4, reference 168) or a nasal mask (paragraph [0016].

The first and second compartment are separated by a separation membrane rupturing on pressure (paragraph [0014], feature corresponds to breakable wall).

The subject-matter of claim 4 therefore differs from this known apparatus in that the material in the first compartment is specified as comprising ferrate and in that the material in the second compartment is specified as comprising acid.

The subject-matter of claim 4 is therefore new (Article 33(2) PCT).

There is no evident technical effect resulting from that difference.

The problem to be solved by the present invention may therefore be regarded as the choice of appropriate materials that generate oxygen when mixed.

The solution to this problem proposed in claim 4 of the present application is considered as involving an inventive step (Article 33(3) PCT).

Ferrate has not been disclosed in the prior art as being suitable for use respiratory apparatuses. Even though Ferrate is described in document D4 as being quickly reduced in acidic solution whereby oxygen evolves, there is no indication to include it in an apparatus as disclosed in D3.

Claims 5-12 and 14 are dependent on claim 4 and as such also meet the requirements of the PCT with respect to novelty and inventive step.

WRITTEN OPINION OF THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY (SEPARATE SHEET)

International application No.

PCT/US2009/038472

Re Item VIII.

The application does not meet the requirements of Article 6 PCT, because claims 1-4, 8, 9, 12, 19 and 20 are not clear.

- Although claims 1, 2 and 13 have been drafted as separate independent claims, they appear to relate effectively to the same subject-matter and to differ from each other only in respect of the terminology used for the features of that subjectmatter. The aforementioned claims therefore lack conciseness and as such do not meet the requirements of Article 6 PCT.
- 2. Claims 1-3, 8, 9 and 20 do not meet the requirements of Article 6 PCT in that the matter for which protection is sought is not clearly defined (PCT/GL/ISPE/1 5.35). The claims attempt to define the subject-matter in terms of the result to be achieved, namely a certain amount of oxygen to be generated, which merely amounts to a statement of the underlying problem, without providing the technical features necessary for achieving this result.
- 3. Claims 4 and 20 are drafted as separate independent claims in the same category and therefore are not concise contrary to the requirements of Art. 6 PCT. The technical feature that the acid is solid is presented as essential in independent claim 20. Since it is not included in claim 4, claim 4 does not meet the requirements of Art. 6 PCT in that it lacks an essential feature necessary for the definition of the invention.
 Present claims 4 and 20 do also not appear to comply with the requirements of unity (Rule 13 PCT).
- 4. Concerning claim 8 it is not clear to what exactly the "excess of acid" relates.
- 5. The term "polymeric acid" employed in claims 12 and 19 is not generally accepted in the art, contrary to the requirements of Rule 10.1(e) PCT.
- 6. The parameter reactivity as described in claim 20 is not clear, since parameters other than the molar ratio of water to ferrate (VI) influencing the pH of the aqueous composition, such as for example temperature, are not given.